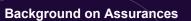




#### Background on Assurances

To secure Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grant funds, an airport sponsor is required to give certain assurances to the FAA known as the Airport Sponsor Assurances.

In essence, airport sponsors must agree to comply with the Assurances (currently 39) as a condition of receiving AIP grant funds.

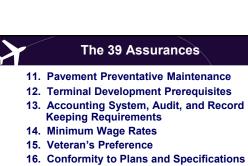


The Assurances provide a means for the federal government to ensure that publicuse airports are developed, operated, and maintained in a safe, secure, efficient, compatible, and compliant manner.

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#### The 39 Assurances

- 1. General Federal Requirements
- 2. Responsibility/Authority of the Sponsor
- 3. Sponsor Fund Availability
- 4. Good Title
- 5. Preserving Rights and Powers
- 6. Consistency with Local Plans
- 7. Consideration of Local Interest
- 8. Consultation with Users
- 9. Public Hearings
- 10. Air and Water Quality Standards



- 17. Construction Inspection and Approval
- 18. Planning Projects
- 19. Operation and Maintenance

#### The 39 Assurances

- 20. Hazard Removal and Mitigation
- 21. Compatible Land Use
- 22. Economic Nondiscrimination
- 23. Exclusive Rights
- 24. Fee and Rental Structure
- 25. Airport Revenues
- 26. Reports and Inspections
- 27. Use by Government Aircraft
- 28. Land for Federal Facilities
- 29. Airport Layout Plan



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#### **Economic Non-Discrimination**

Sponsor will make its airport available as an airport for public-use on reasonable terms and without unjust discrimination to all types, kinds, and classes of aeronautical use.



#### **Economic Non-Discrimination**

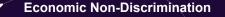
Each commercial aeronautical activity (operator) shall be subject to the same rates, fees, rentals, and other charges as are uniformly applicable to all other such operators making the same or similar uses of the airport and utilizing the same or similar facilities.





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reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory basis to all airport users.
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This provision shall be included in the agreement with the operator and shall be enforced by the sponsor.



Terms and Conditions of Use

Sponsor may establish reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory conditions to be met by all users of the airport as may be necessary for the safe and efficient operation of the airport.

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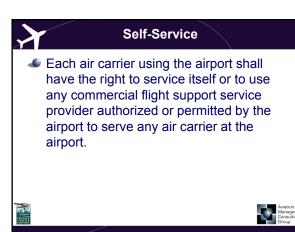




#### Self-Service

Sponsor will not exercise or grant any right or privilege which operates to prevent any person operating aircraft on the airport from performing any services on its own aircraft with its own employees and equipment that it may chose to perform including, but not limited to, maintenance, repair, and fueling of aircraft.







# Exclusive Rights Prohibition against exclusive rights Sponsor will permit no exclusive right for the use of the airport by any person providing, or intending to provide, aeronautical services to the public (47107(a)(4)).



# Exclusive Rights

- How is an exclusive right conferred?
  - ➢ By express agreement
  - ➢ By the imposition of unreasonable terms, conditions, and standards
  - ➢ By any other means
  - > May be conferred on one or more parties



Exclusive	e Rights
others without violatin	e in any commercial and deny same rights to
	Aviation Manageme Consulting Group





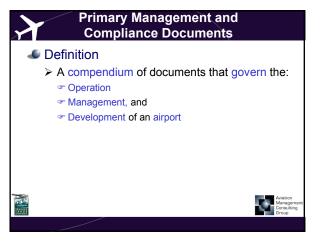
#### Fee and Rental Structure

 $\mathbf{A}$ 

Sponsor will maintain a fee and rental structure for the facilities and services at the airport which will make the airport as self-sustaining as possible under the circumstances existing at the particular airport.











#### Primary Management and Compliance Documents

#### Role

- Set the stage (parameters) for the way an airport does business
- Play an important (essential) role in the operation and management of an airport (large or small)
  - Essential to have all of these documents (or tools) in the airport manager's toolbox
- While these documents are interrelated, they function independently of each other

Compliance

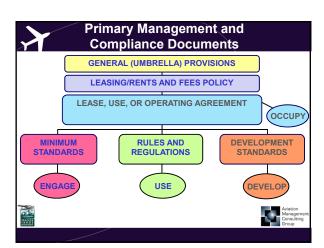
#### Primary Management and Compliance Documents

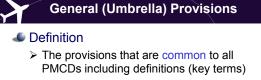
Beyond serving the intended purpose (role), these documents need to be consistent with (not duplicate):

- > Airport Sponsor Assurances
- Applicable regulatory measures
- Other compliance related directives issued by the FAA

C

- Policies
- @ Orders (e.g., 5190.6B)
- # ACs (e.g., 150/5190-6 and 150/5190-7)



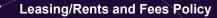


#### Role/Purpose

Eliminates redundancy (instead of restating the common provisions in each document)







#### Major Sections

- > Introduction
- Leasing Land and/or Improvements
- > Agreements
- Rents and Fees (Setting and Adjusting)
- > Appendix

# Minimum Standards

#### Definition

Sets forth the requirements that need to be met to engage in commercial aeronautical activities at an airport

#### 📣 Role

- Establishes consistent threshold requirements – which levels the playing field and promotes fair competition among operators (minimum "ante")
  - Papplies to entities who want to engage in commercial aeronautical activities at an airport







#### Definition

Sets forth the rules and regulations for the safe, orderly, and efficient use of an airport

#### Role/Purpose

- Protects the public health, safety, interest, and welfare on the airport
  - Provide a structure of the structure



### Special Development Considerations

- Rules and Regulations should...
  - Emphasize those areas (i.e., operations or activities) that are unique to the airport
  - Complement (not duplicate) other Primary Management and Compliance Documents or any "applicable" regulatory measures
  - Be a separate (stand alone) document





#### > Introduction

- General Rules and Regulations
- Aircraft Rules and Regulations
- Vehicle Rules and Regulations
   Lessee Rules and Regulations
- Aviation Fueling



#### Development Standards

#### Definition

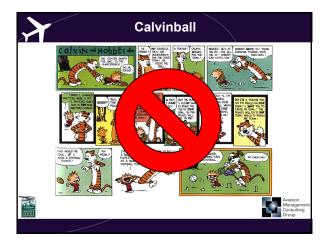
Sets forth the parameters governing the design, development, and/or modification of general aviation improvements at an airport

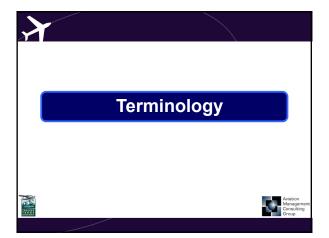
#### Role/Purpose

- Promotes (and ensures) consistent, attractive, and compatible high quality general aviation development at an airport
  - Papelies to any entity who wants to develop and/or modify improvements at the airport



$\mathbf{\lambda}$	Alternatives
- • P	laying Calvinball
	Using a "make up the rules as you go approach" to planning, developing, operating, and managing an airport
	Ianaging by Lease (MBL) Planning, developing, operating, and managing an airport based on existing leases (terms and conditions)
	oth approaches are highly problematic!         Increase the potential for:



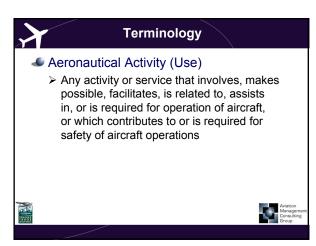












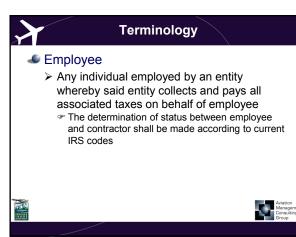


# Terminology

#### Non-Commercial (not for hire)

- Not for the purpose of securing earnings, income, compensation (including exchange or barter of goods and services) and/or proj
  - or barter of goods and services), and/or profit A non-commercial aircraft operator owns and/or operates aircraft that is incidental or ancillary to the business (i.e., the aircraft is used only to provide transportation for the exclusive use of employees, agents, and/or customers of the business and not for commercial activities) or the aircraft is used strictly for private (not for hire), personal, or recreational purposes only







- A entity offering aeronautical service(s) but without an established place of business on the airport
  - Independent operators do not have a lease agreement (with the airport) or sublease agreement (with an operator at the airport)



X	Terminology	
	The ground movement of aircraft to/fro land adjacent to, but not part of, airpo property to/from the airport's airside infrastructure (e.g., runways and taxiv	om rt
ACRP Report 114	<ul> <li>TTF operations occur when an airport spo grants an entity ground access by an airc across the airport's property boundary to airport's airside infrastructure and permiss engage in associated activities from prope adjacent to the airport</li> <li>A fence (with gates) may or may not exist</li> </ul>	onsor raft the sion to
ANDORT		Group

## Terminology

#### Self-Service

- The servicing of an aircraft (i.e., maintaining, repairing, fueling, etc.) by the aircraft owner or the aircraft owner's employee(s) using the aircraft owner's vehicles, equipment, and resources
  - Self-service is allowed provided there is no attempt to perform such services for others for compensation and conditioned on compliance with the airport's primary management and compliance documents and applicable regulatory measures

#### Terminology

#### Self-Fueling

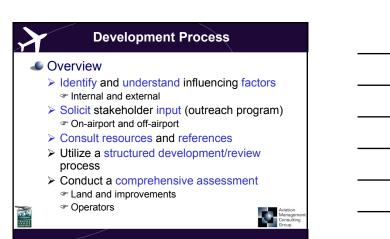
The non-commercial fueling of an aircraft by the aircraft owner or the aircraft owner's employee(s) using the aircraft owner's vehicles, equipment, and resources

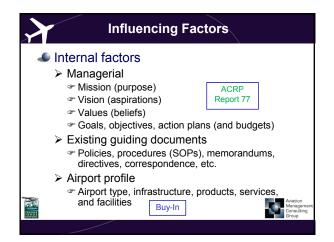
#### Self-Serve Fueling

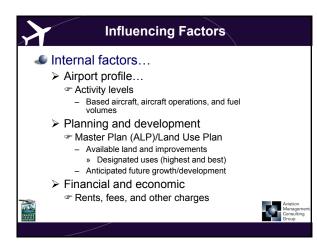
The fueling of an aircraft by the pilot using commercial fuel pump installed specifically for this purpose



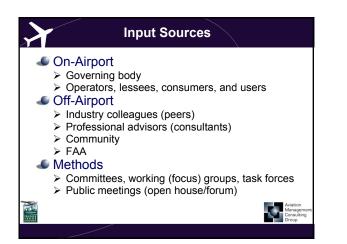
# Development and Review Process

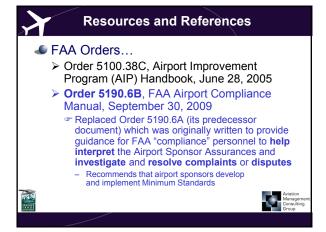










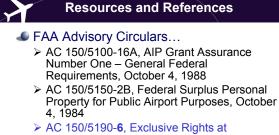


#### **Resources and References**

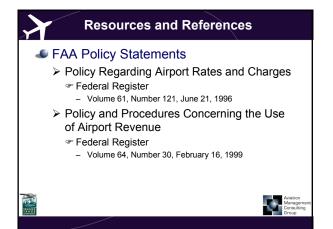
#### FAA Advisory Circulars

- The FAA issues ACs to:
  - Help explain the intent of a regulation
     Provide guidance and information to the aviation public in a designated subject area
  - Show a method acceptable for complying with a related regulation
- When incorporated by reference in the Airport Sponsor Assurances, ACs become mandatory (contractual) obligations of the sponsor

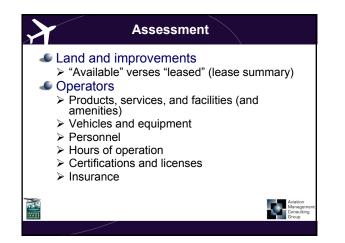
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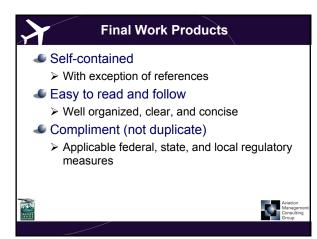


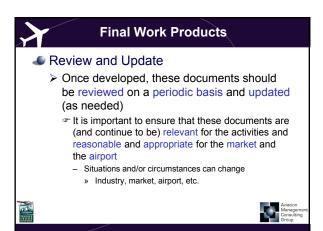
- Federally Obligated Airports, January 4, 2007 > AC 150-5190-7, Minimum Standards for
- Commercial Aeronautical Activities, August 28, 2006

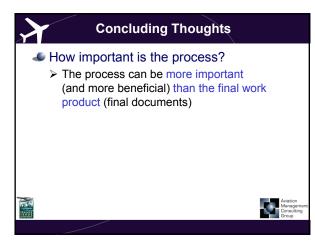












7	Concluding Thoughts
.6	<ul> <li>If consistent with the Airport Sponsor Assurances and other compliance related directives issued by the FAA</li> <li>PMCDs will reduce the potential for (and provide a platform for resolving) conflicts, complaints (Part 13 or 16), and disputes (including lawsuits)</li> </ul>
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