

## Agenda:

## Sign In on Paper Sign In Sheet

Time	Item
9:00 am	Coffee & Pastries Networking - SUPER FAST!
9:05 am	Popcorn Project Updates
9:35 am	5th Climate Assessment Update: Dr. Safeeq Khan
10:00 am	Wildfire Solutions Coalition - Wildfire Panel Framing
10:10 am	Panelist Presentations: Owen Doherty (Cal Adapt), Nadia Tase (Cal Fire), Eric Horntvedt (Truckee Fire)
10:30 am	In Conversation: Wildfire Solutions Coalition moderated discussion with Panelists
10:45 am	Audience Q&A
11:00 am	Close Out

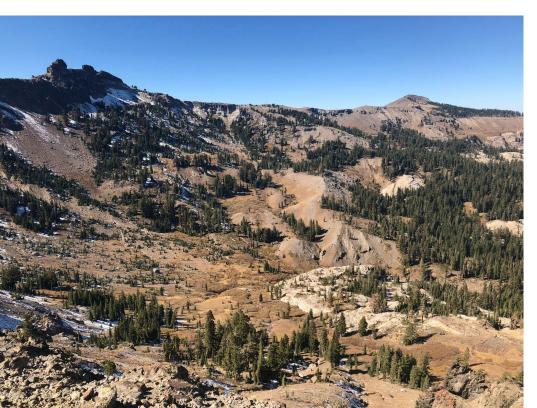


# Climate Transformation Alliance Quarterly Meeting

October 10th, 2025 Truckee Tahoe Airport



## **CTA Updates**



#### CTA Strategic Planning

- Outcomes from Governing Partner
   Meeting
- Subcommittee Meetings
  - o October 23 & 24
- Next Quarterly Meeting
  - o In 2026!



## CA 5th Climate Change Assessment, Sierra Nevada Regional Report



Safeeq Khan, PhD.
Coordinating Lead Author







### California's Fifth Climate Change Assessment: Sierra Nevada Region

(Summary of Key Findings) 10<sup>th</sup> October 2025

[Presented by: Safeeg Khan, Coordinating Lead Author, University of California, Merced]

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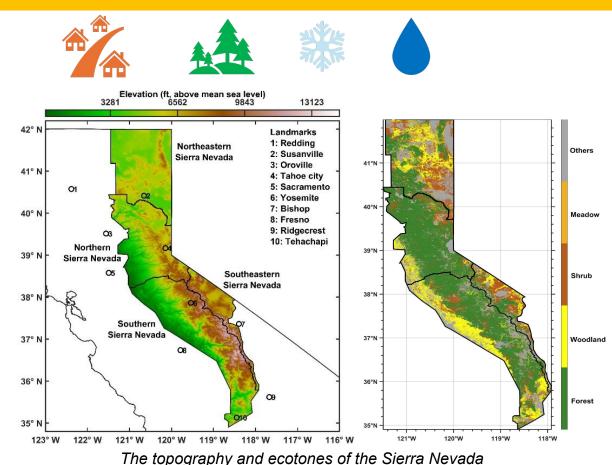
Community Advisors

J. Wentworth, J. Hatch, L. Olaerts



#### The Sierra Nevada: Geography and Importance

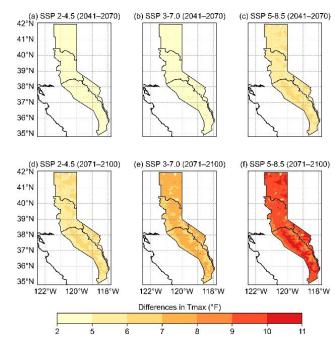
- → Encompasses California's major elevation gradients and watersheds, spanning foothills to alpine zones.
- → Provides the headwaters for more than 60% of the state's developed water supply, supporting agriculture and urban areas downstream.
- → Sustains critical ecosystems, communities, and infrastructure that are highly sensitive to



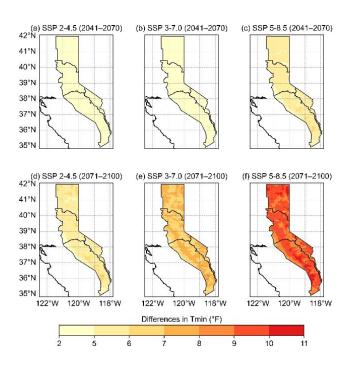


#### **Projected Temperature Increases Across All Seasons**

- → By the end of the century, annual temperatures are projected to increase by 5.8-9.5 °F, depending on the emissions scenario.
- → Warming occurs across all seasons, with clear spatial variations among Sierra subregions.
- The projections are based on statistically downscaled CMIP6 climate models.



Projected changes in maximum temperature

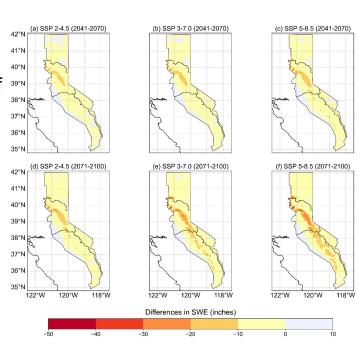


Projected changes in minimum temperature

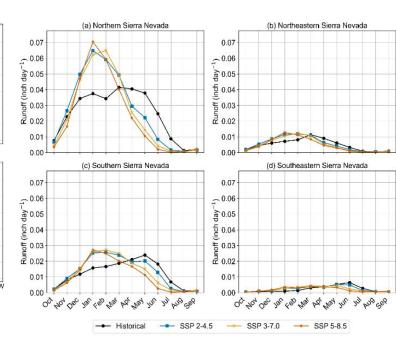


#### **Substantial Snowpack Declines and Earlier Runoff Projected**

- Snowpack is projected to decline by up to 90% across much of the Sierra Nevada by the end of the century.
- → The rain-snow transition zone is expected to rise 1,500-3,000 ft, shifting runoff earlier in the year and altering streamflow seasonality.
- Peak runoff may occur one month earlier, and summer runoff could decline by 41-56%, with



Projected absolute changes in the snow water equivalent (SWE) under emission scenarios

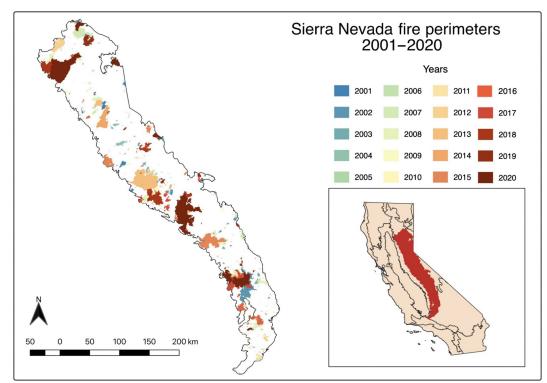


Projected monthly runoff under emission scenarios and across the subregions of Sierra Nevada



#### Wildfire Activity is Increasing and Projected to Grow Further

- → The region has experienced some of the largest and most severe wildfires in California's history over the past two decades.
- → Burned area and number of fires is projected to increase, driven by warmer, drier conditions.
- → Wildfire activity is increasingly affecting higher-elevation forests that historically burned less frequently.



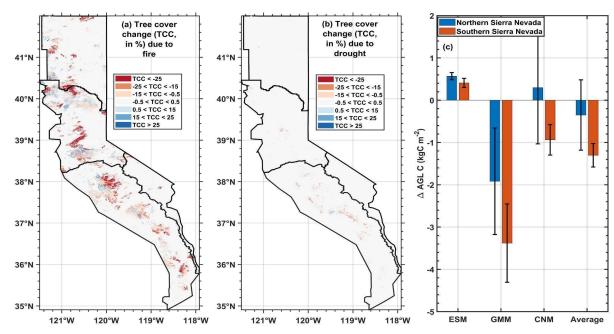
Projected Change by 2040 Burned area:  $\uparrow$  (59  $\pm$  33)% Number of fires:  $\uparrow$  (51  $\pm$  32)%

Historical fire perimeter across the Sierra Nevada [Source: Gutierrez et al., 2021, Science Advances]



#### **Ecosystems Are Undergoing Major Shifts**

- →Forest ecosystems are transforming due to drought, bark beetle outbreaks, and wildfire disturbances.
- →~30% of conifer forests converted to non-forest types between 2011 and 2020, reflecting rapid ecological change.
- →Shifts in vegetation types across elevation ranges indicate changing ecological conditions and reduced carbon storage.

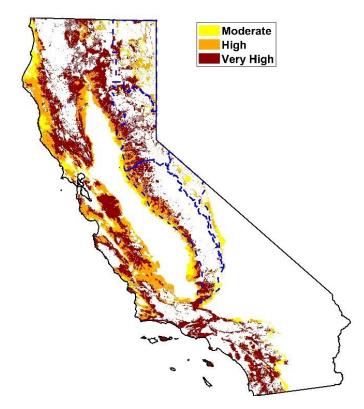


Changes in tree cover due to (a) fire, (b) drought, and (c) changes in carbon storage across the subregions of Sierra Nevada ["Northern" and "Southern" in Fig. (c) refer to the combined Northeastern and Northern areas, and the combined Southeastern and Southern areas of the Sierra Nevada, respectively.]



#### **Communities Face Rising Climate Hazards**

- →More than one-third of the Sierra Nevada lies in high or very high wildfire hazard zones, increasing exposure risks for residents.
- →~550,000 people live in poverty and 445,000 have disabilities, which heighten vulnerability to climate impacts.
- →Social and economic vulnerabilities intersect with hazard zones, challenging local resilience.

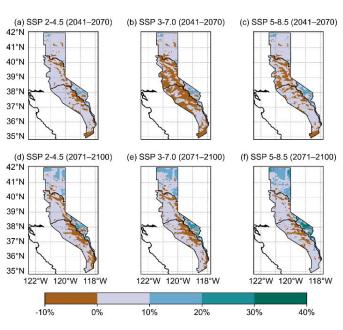


Fire hazard severity zones in California

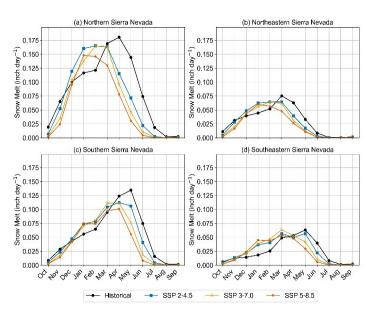


#### **Climate Changes Poses Risks to Critical Infrastructure**

- → Shifting precipitation and snowmelt patterns alter water availability and reliability of hydropower generation.
- → Wildfire, flooding, and landslides, threaten transportation corridors, power lines, and water conveyance systems, causing cascading impacts.
- → Infrastructure vulnerabilities are compounded by their



Projected change in precipitation patterns



Projected change in snowmelt across the subregions



#### **Adaptation Strategies Are Emerging Across Sectors**

## Possible Adaptation Strategies



#### Forest and watershed management

Forest thinning, prescribed fire, and watershed restoration.



#### Tribal stewardship and partnerships

Tribal leadership and traditional ecological knowledge could play a central role in landscape adaptation.



#### Water & infrastructure modernization

Upgrading conveyance, storage, and hydropower systems supports reliable water and energy.



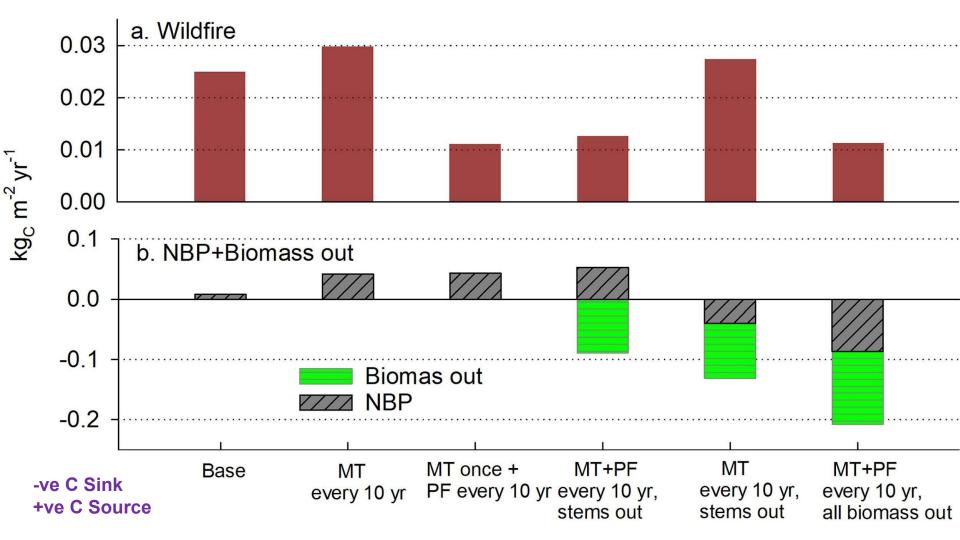
#### Community resilience & equity

Building adaptive capacity through inclusive planning & hazard mitigation improves social resilience.



#### Economic diversification and planning

Diversifying local economies and strengthening workforce capacity support long-term adaptation across sectors.





## The Sierra Nevada Plays a Central Role in California's Climate Future

- Climate change is reshaping the region's climate, hydrology, ecosystems, communities, and infrastructure.
- → The Sierra Nevada's future is closely linked to the state's overall climate resilience.
- → Sustained, coordinated action is needed across sectors and scales.





Together, we can break California's cycle of catastrophic wildfire.

wildfiresolutionsca.org



## The Challenge

#### WE NEED CONSISTENT FUNDING

#### to address California's wildfire crisis

- Addressing California's wildfire crisis will cost at least \$2.5-\$3 billion/year for 10
   years
- The State of California currently has <\$300M /yr committed to wildfire resilience on an ongoing basis
- Prop 4: \$1.5 billion over the next few years, supported by nearly 60% of Californians
- Federal funding is at risk, declining, and/or lacking capacity for implementation

### **OUR GOAL**

Secure the long-term funding needed to fully implement California's wildfire resilience strategy





#### WHAT'S AT STAKE:











**Human Lives** 

Economic Costs

Air Quality

Carbon Emissions

Ecosystem Health

Over 50,000
Californians have
died from
wildfire smoke
impacts since 2008

Wildfires cost
California \$117 billion
per year in economic
losses

Wildfire smoke has increased air pollution to levels not seen in over 20 years Wildfires are one of California's largest sources of greenhouse gas emissions

The amount of high-severity wildfire has no historical precedent

#### WHAT WE STAND TO GAIN:



Public

Health



Cost Savings



Opportunity



Water Security



Climate Action

Preventing extreme
wildfires will protect
Californians' health,
especially in
low-income and
disadvantaged
communities

Investments to reduce
wildfire risk are
extremely efficient –
they save at least \$6
for every \$1 invested

Wildfire resilience investments will create tens of thousands of jobs in communities across the state Reducing extreme
wildfire protects our
water supply from
dangerous
contamination and
expensive damage

Nature-based solutions are the most cost-effective way to reduce emissions and mitigate climate risks

## The Coalition

The Wildfire Solutions Coalition was launched in June 2025 in response to the growing urgency of California's wildfire crisis.

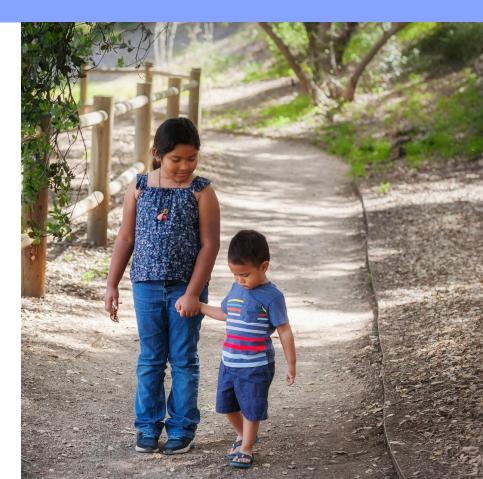
The cross-sector Coalition is unified in the critical need to move the state from wildfire response to wildfire risk reduction.



### **How We Work**

- Expand & mobilize a broad-based,
   statewide coalition for wildfire resilience
- Elevate wildfire resilience as a near-term priority for state and local leaders
- Build strong public support for specific strategies to expand wildfire resilience funding





# **Coalition Structure**







EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

COALITION STAFF

## **Coalition Roles**

#### **Coalition Members**

Ambassadors, Advocates, Messengers, Advisors

"This work is mission-aligned"

#### **Executive Committee**

Advisors, Strategists, Fundraisers, Advocates, Messengers

"This work is a top priority"

#### **Coalition Staff**

Project Managers, Fiscal Sponsors (Subset of Executive Committee)

"This work is a top priority"



## 50+ members and growing!





#### Northern Sierra Partnership











































League of California

Community Foundations



Tuolumne

**River Trust** 









CALIFORNIA FORWARD



























## 2025: Cap-and-Invest, GGRF, Prop 4

- Reauthorize Cap-and-Invest
- Protect \$200m in
   Cap-and-Invest allocations for wildfire resilience and mitigation
- · Allocate Prop 4 wildfire funding
- Complement wildfire
   investments with funding for
   other nature-based climate
   solutions



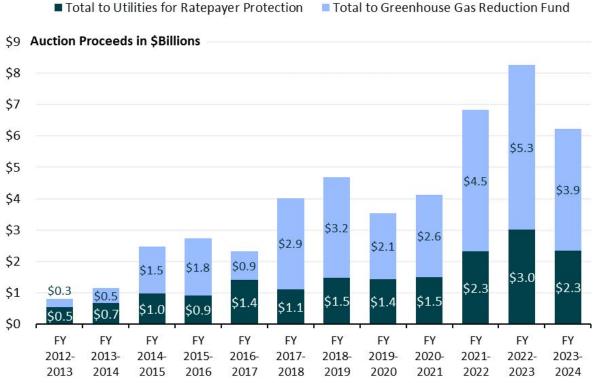
## 2026: GGRF, Prop 4, Gubernatorial Candidates

- Increase Cap-and-Invest
   appropriations for wildfire
   resilience and other
   nature-based climate solutions
- Continue to appropriate Prop 4 wildfire funding funds
- Educate gubernatorial candidates – California's
   Wildfire Governor





## History of Cap & Trade Revenue











Northern Sierra Partnership

e\_blackmer@sierrabusiness.org info@wildfiresolutionsca.org wildfiresolutionsca.org



### Wildfire Resilience Panelists



#### Owen Doherty, PhD

Principal Research Scientist Eagle Rock Analytics



#### **Nadia Tase**

Forest Health Research & Monitoring Program Manager CAL FIRE



#### **Eric Horntvedt**

Wildfire Prevention Manager Truckee Fire





# Cal-Adapt: From Climate Data to Local Planning

Owen Doherty, Ph.D. Eagle Rock Analytics, Inc.



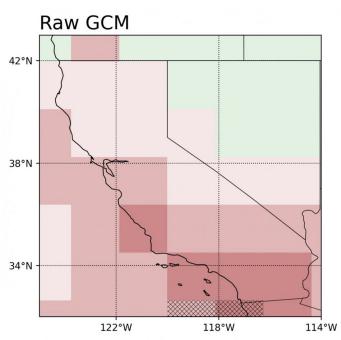


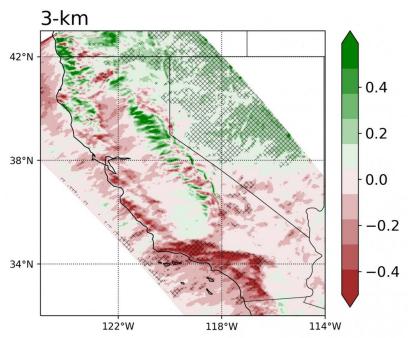




#### **CAL-ADAPT**

## Downscaling: Making Global Local





Source: Stefan Rahimi, UCLA https://dept.atmos.ucla.edu/alexhall/downscaling-cmip6





## The Climate Gap

#### **CAL-ADAPT**

## Cal-Adapt Fills the Gap



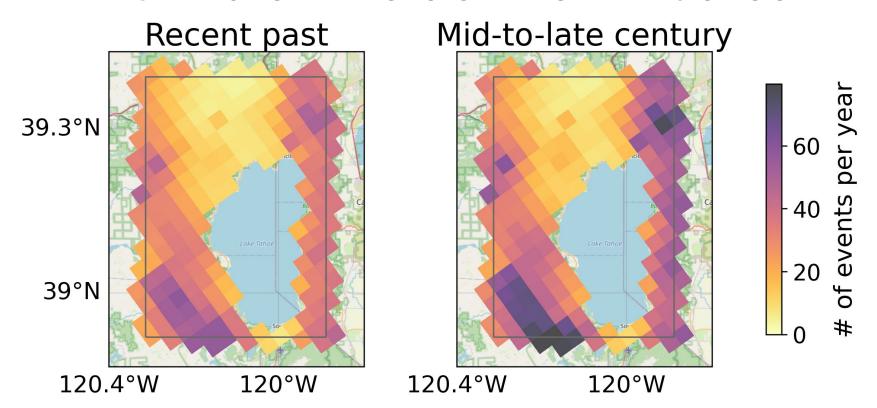






#### **CAL-ADAPT**

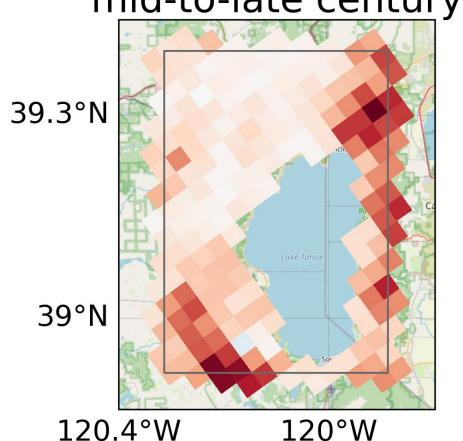
## Climate Drivers of Fire in Truckee



Change by mid-to-late century

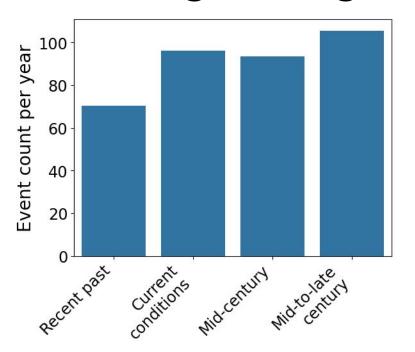
**CAL-ADAPT** 

Climate
Drivers of
Fire in
Truckee



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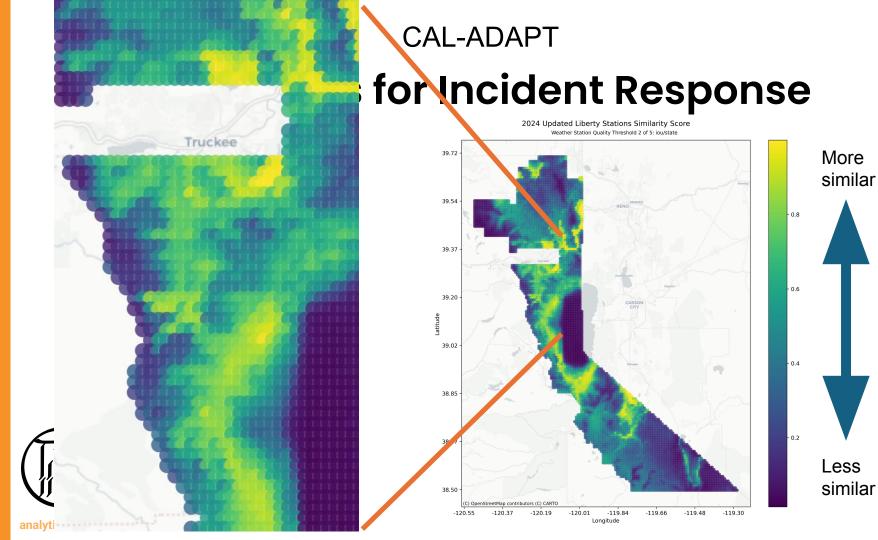
## Windy Days Following Drought





Climate Drivers of Fire in Truckee:

 Days with wind over 15 mph following a 3 month long dry period





Please get in touch:

analytics@cal-adapt.org

Learn more by visiting our websites!

Analytics Engine: <u>analytics.cal-adapt.org</u>

Cal-Adapt: cal-adapt.org















Forest Carbon and Climate Program
Department of Forestry
MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY



### **Nadia Tase**

Forest Health Research & Monitoring Program
Manager Fire and Resource Assessment
Program, CAL FIRE

### **Sam Evans**

Research
Economist Fire and Resource Assessment
Program, CAL FIRE

### PI: Kendall DeLyser

Senior Director, Climate Science, American Forests

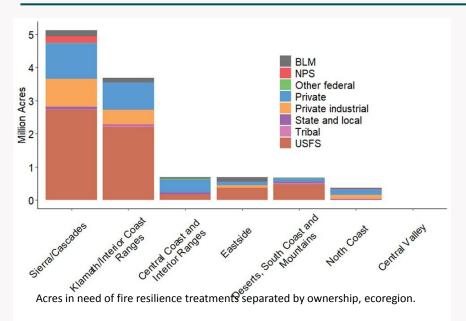


NEW! Scan this code to open our new report for California

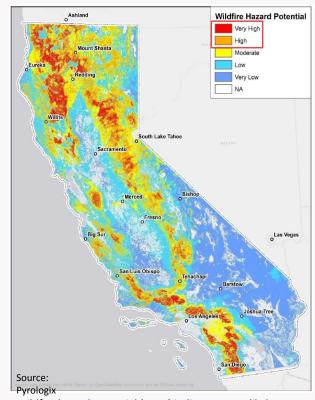




## Fire Resilience Needs Assessment



- **11.2 million acres (36%)** need fire resilience treatments (slopes <70%).
- After applying filters, only 7.3 million acres likely to be eligible.
- Includes pushing slope limits, increasing removal intensity, treating w/in wildlife habitat in some cases.



Wildfire hazard potential (WHP) indicates areas likely to burn <u>and</u> likely to be difficult to control.

Treated at a steady rate over 10 years, this equates to an average of **735,000 acres per year in addition to** 



# **Modeled Portfolios**

Scenario Portfolios	Acres/yr
Ramp up = BAU + reforestation/resilience tx	1.3 M
Max Natural Climate Solutions (Max NCS) = BAU + Ramp up + reduced deforestation + silvopasture + extended rotations (applied to some BAU acres)	1.4 M

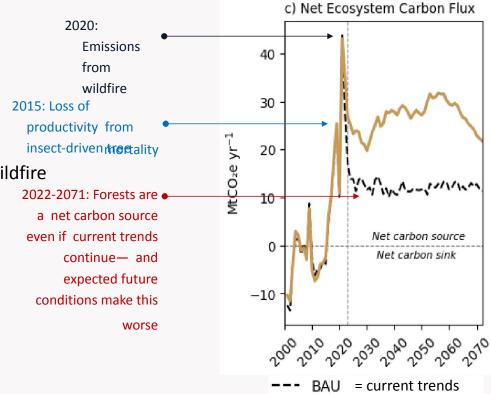


## Influence of current and future conditions in California c) Net Ecosyste

Future conditions include more
high-severity wildfire, post-fire
regeneration challenges, and declines in
productivity

• 82% of forest could fail to regrow after severe wildfire

- Projected over the next 50 years:
  - 48% loss of forest area (15M acres)
  - 50% decline in carbon stocks
  - 49% higher carbon emissions
- 70% of losses occur on NFS
  - 14.8 M ∏4.5 M acres
  - Reforestation need accumulates to 9M acres



CBAU = future

Disturbance emissions -Harvest transfers

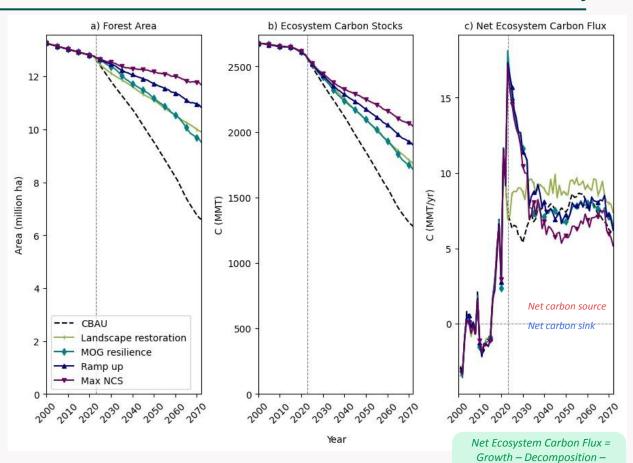




## **Forest** ecosystem

trends cenario best conserves overall forest area: -8% from 2022-2071 (40% better than CBAU)

- Max NCS scenario minimizes carbon stock losses: -20% from 2022-2071 (30% better than CBAU)
- Cumulative post-fire regeneration failure decreases from 12.7 to 2.3 million acres

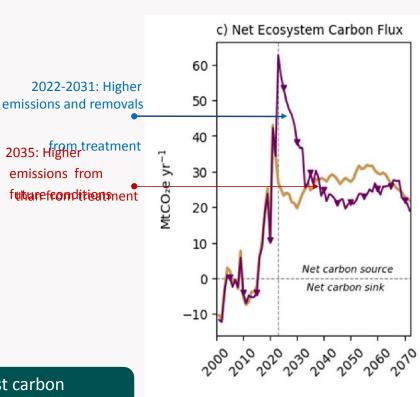




## Restoring resilience in California forests

- Successful fire resilience and restoration treatmente future wildfire severity and post-fire regeneration failure; increase stand age
  - Protect 40% of forest from wildfire-related losses
  - Incur an up-front carbon cost to stabilize forests in the
- Thereus imited window of time to act before future conditions intensify.
- NFS lands see strong benefits from restoring resilience, but treatments needs to ramp up 3X
  - area losses reduced from 10.3 M to 1.7 M acres.
- The Sierra/Cascades comprise 55% of the forest area and carbon stock losses. Max NCS reduces forest area losses from 8.3million acres to 1.2 million acres.

Restoring resilience to California forests can reduce annual forest carbon emissions by 14% and cumulative emissions by 6% in California over the



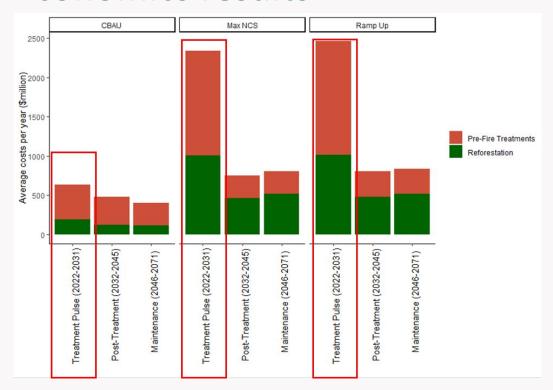
= future

Max NCS conditions





### **Economics results**



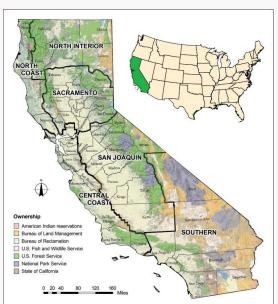
- \$1.7 \$1.8 billion annually in pre-fire treatment and post-fire restoration
  - \$896 \$1,009 million annually for prefire treatment
  - \$811 \$819 million annually for postfire restoration
- Moderate log and biomass pricing assumptions suggest 39-50% of costs can be offset through wood product sales if capacity to process is available.
  - Sawlog sales, not biomass, pay for the treatments.

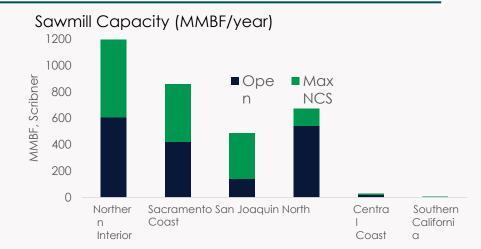


## **Capacity Needs**

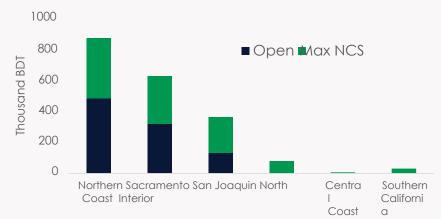
**Sawmills**: additional 1.5 – 1.6 billion BF per year (29-31 average size mills)

**Biomass Facilities**: 1.0 – 1.2 million BDT per year (8-9 large scale bioenergy facilities)





### Biomass Capacity (thousand BDT/year)





## **Questions?**

Nadia Tase – Forest Health Research & Monitoring Program Manager, CAL FIRE

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Sam Evans – Research Economist, CAL FIRE

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Kendall DeLyser – Senior Director, Climate Science, American Forests kdelyser@americanforests.org











# Truckee Fire Protection District

1-1- 1111



Avoiding Wildfire Losses & Emissions



Photo: Homes Survive 2024
Davis Fire near Reno &
Washoe Valley





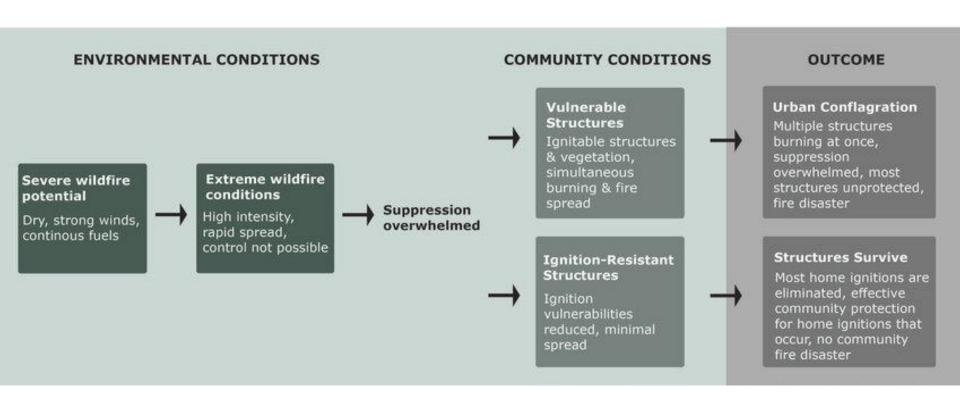


## **Avoiding** Wildfire Losses & Emissions

- Why We can't let destructive wildfire happen in Truckee
- Structures & Urban Conflagration
  - Open Space & Forests



## Community Fire Disaster Sequence – Destruction or Resilience? The choice is ours.

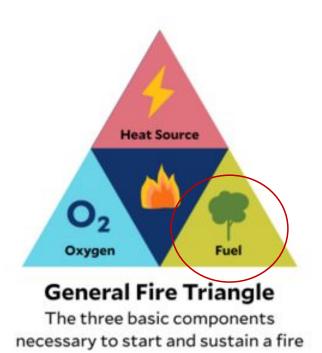


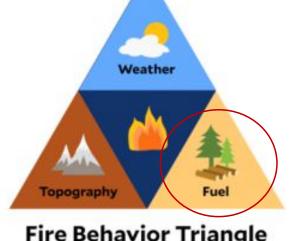
#### THREE REASONS HOUSES BURN DURING A WILDFIRE





## Fire Triangles – Fuel is the Variable We Can Manage!



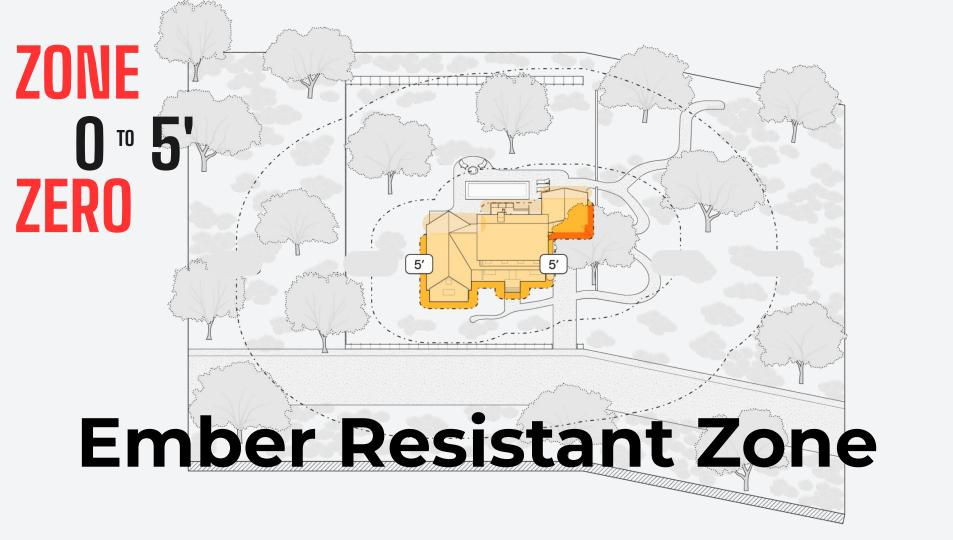


### Fire Behavior Triangle

The factors involved in the severity, intensity, duration, size, and season of wildfires

# The Home Ignition Problem is Solvable!

- 1 house fire produce ~30-50 metric tons of CO2
  - ~18 metric tons CO2 equivalent stored in just lumber
  - Toxic emissions from other household materials Think CO, SOx, and Nox
- Combined Defensible Space & Home Hardening increases home survivability 2-5x
  - The effort and financial expense is worth it
  - The catch is that it needs to be done at scale to reduce risk and exposure across property lines



## **Home Hardening.**



### **HARDEN YOUR HOME**

Make the RIGHT Choices for Wildfire Resistance



3 SIDING
Wood Siding

4 WINDOWS
Single pane
No screens

MULCH Bark | Wood Chips

OPENINGS
 Non-Protected
 Vents | Openings

DECK
Standard spacing
Combustible material



### Truckeefire.org/HardenYourHome

- DIY Guides
- Retailer Supply Lists
- CATT Contractor List coming soon!
- Truckee Fire Rebate

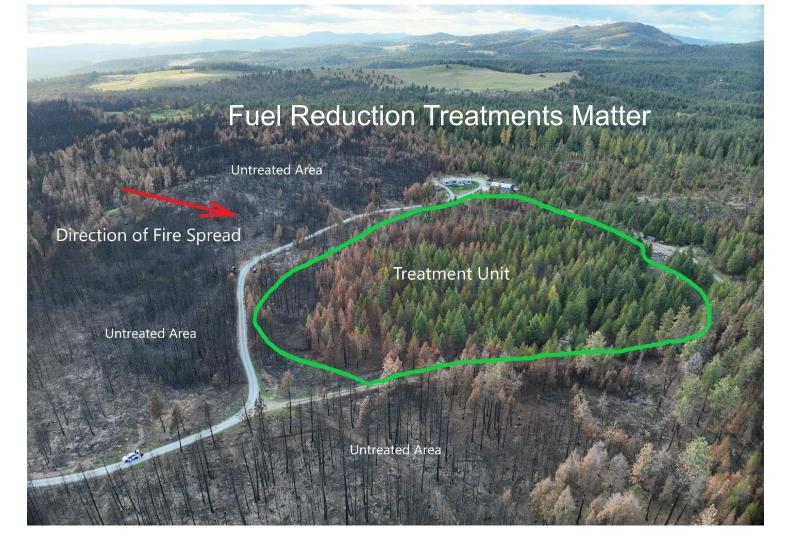
truckeefire.org/hardenyourhome hardenyourhome@truckeefire.org

Non-combustible | Fire resistive

# What we are doing as a community

- 3-year Defensible Space Inspection cycle = 5,000+ inspections annually
  - 25-50 scheduled in-person inspections per week
- Residential Green Waste Buffet
  - Grapple Pick-up Program serves ~4k piles annually, reduces single vehicle trips to the dump
- 85% of our homes in 35 active Firewise communities taking charge
- Home Hardening Rebate
- Local Block Grant Program

• . .



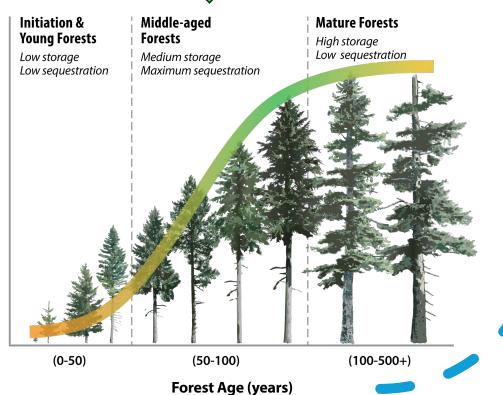


Multi-Objectiv e middle-aged forest management

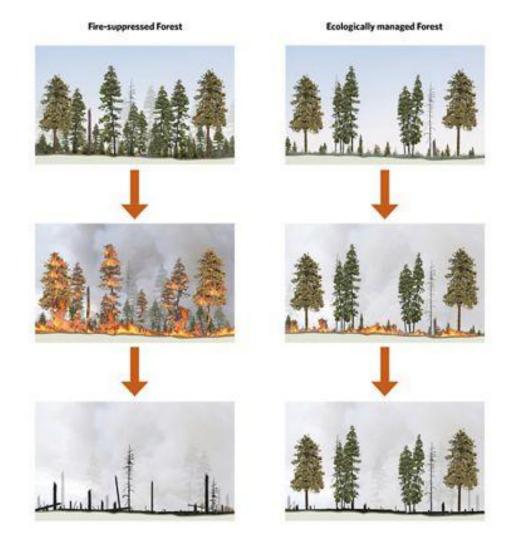
Carbon (C) Stored (tons C per acre)

• 1 acre of burning forest can produce 34 tons of CO2 per acre (CARB 2021), number is highly variable and can be <1 ton/acre

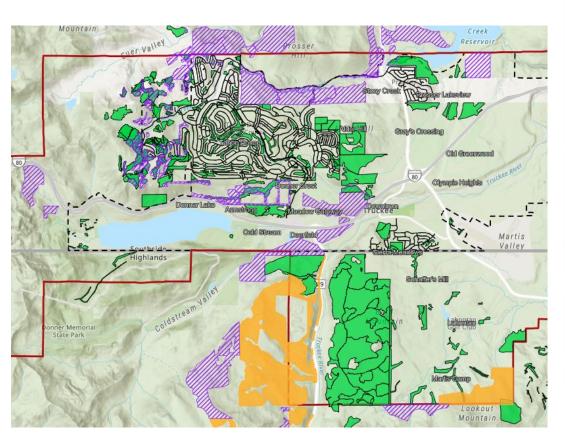




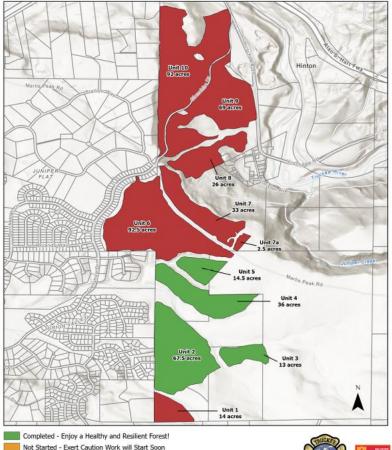
We are proactively working to address 150+ years of mismanagement, fire exclusion, and over-densification and overgrowth



## Forestry Work In Action!



### Glenshire To Hirschdale Egress Fuel Reduction

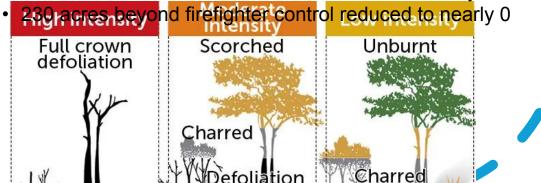


Operations in Progress - Stay Out

We can't fire proof our forests, but we can reduce severity & intensity

## Glenshire to Hirschdale Forest Management Project – Projected and Modeled Outcome Highlights (via Vibrant Planet & Pyrologix)

- 460 acre project east of Glenshire
- Total Wildfire Hazard reduced by 62%
- Characteristic Flame Length from 5' down to less than 2'
- Rate of spread reduced by 77% from 14.3 to 3.3 chains per hour
- Number of Highly Exposed structures near project's edge reduced from 21 to ZERO!
- Source of Ember loads to buildings reduced by 53%
- Acres of WUI with extreme fire behavior reduced by 100%





## THANK YOU, Truckee!



Eric Horntvedt
Wildfire Prevention Manager
www.truckeefire.org

#### O1 Clear 5 feet around all structures



Remove pine needles, leaves, and debris, including under decks and stairs. Store woodpiles, gas cans, and other combustibles at least 30 feet from your home.

Pro tip: Rent a 6-yard dumpster or use yard waste carts in Truckee.

### **O2** Remove dead vegetation & manage live vegetation



Clear grasses, weeds, shrubs, and dead trees. Prune tree limbs at least 6 feet above the ground and increase spacing between trees and shrubs.

Pro tip: Use Truckee Fire's green waste pick-up for shrubs, trees, and branches up to 8" in diameter.

### 03 Make your address visible



Ensure house numbers are at least 4" tall and readable from the road.

Pro tip: Check out Truckee Fire's Reflective Address Sign Program.

#### O4 Schedule a visit from Truckee Fire



Schedule a defensible space inspection with Truckee Fire.

Pro tip: It's free, fast, and gives you a custom checklist to protect your home.

### 05 Connect with neighbors



Share this info and work together for a Wildfire Resilient Truckee!

Sign up for emergency alerts at tahoealerts.com



## **CTA**

## Q&A



## Thank you!

Please reach out to Sierra Business Council with any questions.

Website: climatetransformationalliance.org

**Email:** cta@sierrabusiness.org **Phone:** (530)582-4800

Sign In Here:



